

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

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CR 07-0621 (A.R.R.)

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

- v -

KARIM GOLDING,  
Defendant

-----X

OBJECTIONS ON BEHALF OF KARIM GOLDING  
TO VARIOUS ASPECTS OF THE REVISED PRESENTENCE  
INVESTIGATION OF OCTOBER 26, 2012

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Procedural History

On November 30, 2009 this Court sentenced Karim Golding, even after departing two and a half years less than the bottom of the suggested Guideline sentencing range, to two ten-year consecutive sentences. The sentences encompassed crack distribution and weapons charges. At the time of sentencing Karim Golding was twenty five years old.

The United States Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit affirmed Mr. Golding's conviction in part, but reversed the convictions on Counts Eight, Nine and Ten, the so-called felon in possession of a weapon counts. Mr. Golding now finds himself back in this Court for resentencing.

The offense conduct in the revised presentence report is a mirror image of the initial report, but additional research has revealed two matters that counsel finds to be objectionable.

Objection Number One

THE PRESENTENCE INVESTIGATION REPORT OVTATES THE AMOUNT OF DRUGS  
ATTRIBUTED TO MR. GOLDING

The PSI report attributes to Mr. Golding 55.06 grams of crack cocaine allegedly sold by Mr. Golding on June 29, 2006. Even if one accepts the PSI's factual portrayal of the events of that day it would be arguable that the deal was Devon Davis', a/k/a "pretty" transaction. A more in-depth analysis, supported by a transcript of that day's proceedings, clearly indicates that the 55 gram crack sale was solely Davis' transaction. This is illustrated by a meeting later that day, when the undercover and Davis agreed that it would be best that Golding not have knowledge of this transaction. (Exhibit A, Draft Transcript of the events of June 29, 2006) Clearly Golding should not be held responsible for the 55 plus grams of cocaine and this must result in a recalculation of Golding's overall adjusted offense level—downward!<sup>1</sup>

Objection Number Two

THE PSI OVERSTATES MR. GOLDING'S CRIMINAL HISTORY.

The PSI report attributes four Criminal History points to Mr. Golding based upon a conviction for attempted robbery for which he was sentenced as a youthful offender to a period of probation on April 29, 2003. Golding subsequently was charged with a violation of probation and was resentenced to one year incarceration on March 23, 2006. On that same date during that same hearing Golding received a sentence to run concurrent of one year incarceration for possession of a weapon. Pursuant to U.S.S.G. Section 4(a) Golding should have received only three Criminal History category II points, not the four imposed. (Appended as Exhibit B are

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<sup>1</sup> Counsel does not concede the validity of the conversion table for multi-substance, i.e., cocaine or crack cocaine transactions to a marijuana equivalency. The drug trade is capitalism in its rawest form and Mr. Golding is responsible for sales of approximately five thousand dollars. Yet, applying the equivalency table, he becomes responsible for six hundred and eighty three kilograms of marijuana. The math is staggering at generous price of \$2,200 a kilogram Golding is responsible for in excess of one million, five hundred thousand dollars. Something is wildly amiss.

copies of the proceedings of February 1, 2005 in Queens County Supreme Court in the matter of People v. Karim Golding. Clearly, under revised U.S.S.G. 4A1.2 (a)(2). This same day sentencing for the violation of probation and a subsequent charge results in a single Criminal History point. See, e.g., United States v. Gibbs, 626 F.3d 341 (6<sup>th</sup> Cir. 2010) and United States v. McFalls, 592 F.2d 704 (6<sup>th</sup> Cir. 2010). This would reduce Golding's Criminal History to a category one.

Conclusion

GOLDING'S OBJECTIONS SHOULD BE SUSTAINED IN ALL RESPECTS.

Dated: September 17, 2014  
New York, New York

Respectfully submitted:

/s/: Harry C. Batchelder, Jr.

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Certificate of Service

I hereby certify that the above document was served to the following on September 17, 2014 in the manner specified: Via ECF to Assistant United States Attorney Alexander Solomon and via United States Postal Service to Office of United States Probation, Eastern District of New York.

/s/: Harry C. Batchelder, Jr.

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HARRY C. BATCHELDER, JR.